LCR METER IM3523, IM3533

ΗΙΟΚΙ





From Production Lines to Research and Development A New Series of LCR Meters to Meet Your Applications

LCR METER Models IM3523, IM3533, and IM3533-01 are highly cost-effective testers that provide greater performance and better functionality than previous HIOKI models, such as a high basic accuracy of $\pm 0.05\%$, a wide measurement frequency from 1 mHz (40 Hz for the IM3523) to 200 kHz, high-speed measurement of up to 2 ms, highly reliable measurement using the contact-check function, and measurement of turn ratio and mutual inductance. Select the best model according to your application, from production lines to research and development.

For Production Lines The Perfect Impedance Analyzer

Product Lineup





*1 The check and double-check marks in the "Usage" rows indicate the recommendation level. The double-check mark represents a highly recommended application.

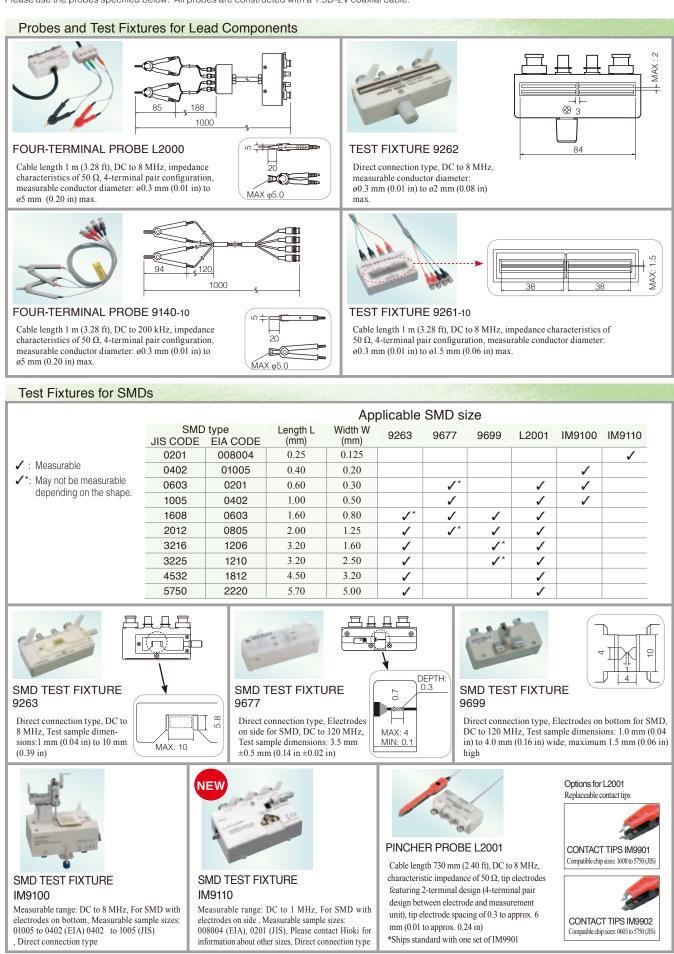
| | Model | LCR METER IM3523 | LCR METER IM3533 | LCR METER IM3533-01 | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Research and development | v | v | ~ ~ | |
| Usage ^{*1} | Transformer and coil production | V | ~~ | ~ ~ | |
| | LCR component production | ~~ | ~~ | ~ ~ | |
| Measurement items | Basic measurement items | Y (θ (Rs (Rp (X (G (B (Ls (Lp (Cs (Cp (Q (| Z (impedance $[\Omega]$) Y (admittance $[S]$) θ (phase angle $[^{\circ}]$) Rs (equivalent series resistance = ESR $[\Omega]$) Rp (parallel resistance $[\Omega]$) X (reluctance $[\Omega]$) G (conductance $[S]$) B (susceptance $[S]$) Ls (series inductance $[H]$) Lp (parallel inductance $[H]$) Lp (parallel inductance $[F]$) Cp (parallel capacitance $[F]$) Q (Q factor (Q = 1/D)) D (loss coefficient = tan\delta) | | |
| | Rdc (direct current resistance) | \checkmark | ✓ (with temperature c | ompensation function) | |
| | Transformer measurement | - | N (turn radio) M (mutual inductance) Δ L (inductance difference) | | |
| | Temperature T | - | 1 | | |
| В | asic accuracy | ±0.05%rdg. | | | |
| Meas | urement frequency | 40 Hz to 200 kHz 1 mHz to 200 kHz | | 200 kHz | |
| Mea | asurement voltage 5 mV to 5 V | | 5 mV to 5 | 5 mV to 5 V/2.5 V*2 | |
| Me | asurement time | 2 ms 2 ms | | ns | |
| | Comparator | | 2 items: HI/IN/LO, ABS/%/Δ% | | |
| BII | N measurement | Main item: 10 categories Sub-item: 1 category | 2 items: 10 categories | | |
| | Cable length | 0 m/1 m | 0 m/1 m | 0 m/1 m/ 2 m/4 m | |
| Contact check | | 4-terminal cont | act check (threshold change) / | Hi-Z reject | |
| Internal [| DC bias measurement | - | –5 V | to 5 V | |
| Swe | ep measurement | - | - | Frequency 2 to 801 points | |
| | Display | Monochrome LCD | Color TFT 5.7-inch LCD touch panel | | |
| | EXT I/O, USB | \checkmark | | 1 | |
| Interface | USB flash drive | - | , | / | |
| | RS-232C, GP-IB, LAN | | Option (select one) | | |

Highlighted functions in bold-type in the IM3533 and IM3533-01 section are more advanced than those of the IM3523.

^{*2} 2.5 V in the low impedance high accuracy mode

For Lead Components and Surface Mounted Devices (SMDs) **Probes & Test Fixtures**

Please use the probes specified below. All probes are constructed with a 1.5D-2V coaxial cable.

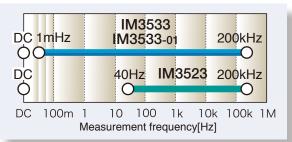


Features High-Speed, High-Accuracy, and Easy-to-Use

Basic Performance

• Wide measurement frequency range

The measurement frequency can be freely set to DC or any value in the 1 mHz (40 Hz for the IM3523) to 200 kHz range at high resolution (five-digit resolution [1 mHz resolution for less than 100 Hz]). This makes it possible to measure the resonant frequency and perform measurement and evaluation under conditions close to actual conditions.



Wide setting range for measurement voltage and current

In addition to normal open-loop signal generation, these models enable voltage/current dependent measurement in constant voltage/ current modes.

The signal levels can be set over wide ranges from 5 mV to 5 V and from 10 μ A to 50 mA. (The setting range of measurement signal levels varies depending on the frequency and measurement mode.)

IM3523 IM3533 IM3533-01

Basic accuracy ±0.05%

The basic accuracy of Z is $\pm 0.05\%$. This fits a wide array of applications ranging from the inspection of parts to research and development measurements.

Accuracy guaranteed at measurement cables of up to 4 meters

Four-terminal pair configuration reduces the influence of measurement cables and accuracy is guaranteed at the measurement cable lengths of up to 4 meters. This simplifies the wiring of automated machinery. With models IM3523 and IM3533, accuracy is guaranteed at measurement cable lengths of up to 4 meters with the cable length correction set to 1 meter. (The frequency range for which accuracy is guaranteed varies depending on the cable length.)

15 parameters can be measured

The following parameters can be measured and selected parameters can be imported to a computer: Z, Y, θ , Rs (ESR), Rp, Rdc (DC resistance), X, G, B, Ls, Lp, Cs, Cp, D (tan δ), and Q.

Fastest measurement time 2 ms

The fastest measurement time of 2 ms at a measurement frequency of 1 kHz and the measurement speed FAST improves the inspection throughput used in automated machinery.

IM3523

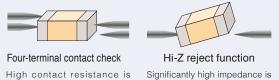
IM3533

IM3533-01

Functions and Features for LCR Measurements on Production Lines

Contact check function incorporated

The contact check function for four-terminal measurement and the Hi-Z reject function for two-terminal measurement ensure the measurement electrode is in contact with the measurement object during measurement.



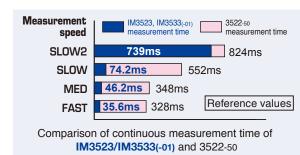
determined to be an error. The threshold of contact resistance can be changed.

determined to be a Hi-Z error.

• Continuous measurement under different measurement conditions

Different measurement items can be measured continuously under different measurement conditions (frequency, level, and mode).

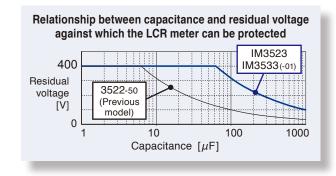
Advantage #1



Protection against charged capacitors*

To address situations when a charged capacitor is incorrectly connected to the measurement terminal, the protection function* has been improved to 10 times of the amount of residual charge of the previous model 3522-50.

* This function does not guarantee the measurement of charged capacitors. Be sure to discharge the capacitor before measuring it.



With continuous measurement under varying measurement conditions such as C-D + ESR measurement of capacitors, the total measurement time has been shortened significantly from the previous HIOKI model 3522-50. In addition to the reduction of the time required for individual measurements, the time required to change ranges such as a frequency range has been reduced significantly.

Features of LCR Meter Model IM3523 Integration into Production Lines and Automated Machinery



simple, easy-to-read monochrome LCD

IM3523

A simple user interface is provided with a high-contrast graphic LCD display, function keys, and numeric keypad. For numeric value settings such as the comparator setting, the numeric keypad can be used to enter numbers easily and quickly.



Basic measure Z,Y, 0, Rs, Rp, X, G, B, Ls, Lp, Cs, Cp, Q, D ment items Measure-Rdc 1 ment items Transformer measurement Temperature T ±0.05%rdg. Basic accuracy 40 Hz to 200 kHz Measurement frequency

5 mV to 5 V

2 ms

0 m/1 m 4-terminal contact check (threshold change) / Hi-Z reject

Monochrome LCD

1

Option (select one)

IM3523

IM3523

2 items: HI/IN/LO, ABS/%/۵% 10 main classifications/1 sub-classification

General specifications of the IM3523

Measurement voltage Measurement time

Comparator

BIN measurement Cable length

Contact check Internal DC bias measurement Sweep measurement

Display

Compact size ideal for integration into production lines and automated machinery

EXT I/O, USB

USB flash drive

RS-232C, GP-IB, LAN

The size is the same as that of compact measuring instruments for bench use - smaller than the previous model - fitting easily into automated machinery and production processes.

Comparator

Interface

In LCR mode, the meter allows for Hi, IN, and Lo

judgments of two types from the measurement items. For the judgment method, % setting and Δ % setting are available in addition to absolute value setting. If continuous measurement is used, judgments which span over multiple measurement conditions and measurement items are possible.

BIN measurement

out of range.

With the IM3523, the main item can be classified into 10 categories and out of range, and the sub-item into 1 category and



Functions and Features Suitable for Measurements and Inspection on Production Lines

IM3523 IM3533

IM3533-01

Auto-range control function

When a measurement object crosses over multiple ranges, measurement can be tailored by controlling the moving-range of the auto-range. Measurement can be performed by taking advantage of both the wide measurement range of the auto-range and the reduction of the measurement time achieved by completing a search only in the specified range.

Individual items of two continuous measurements can be output from EXT I/O

For two types of continuous measurement judgment items, individual judgment results can be captured from EXT/IO. This makes it possible to perform more detailed inspections and sorting.

Functions and Features to Reduce the Time Needed to Prepare for Measurement

IM3533-01 IM3523 IM3533

Limit-linked range setting and range-linked setting function

The optimal range is automatically set according to the set reference value or range. In addition, the measurement conditions can be automatically set to be optimized according to the change in the range, reducing the preparation time.

OPEN/SHORT compensation area setting function

When the measurement frequency range is limited, OPEN/SHORT compensation can be executed by limiting the compensation area to the actual frequency range being measured. The time required to execute OPEN/SHORT compensation is then significantly reduced compared to the time needed to compensate the entire range.

Features of LCR Meter Model IM3533 Winding, Coil and Transformer Production



Transformer measurement

IM3533 IM3533-01

Turn ratio N, mutual inductance M, and inductance difference ΔL can be measured on the transformer measurement screen.

- Rdc measurement with temperature compensation*2
- IM3533 IM3533-01

For Rdc measurement of inductor and transformer windings, measurement can be performed while compensating for temperature. *2 Temperature Probe 9478 (option) is required for Rdc measurement with temperature compensation.

 Simultaneously display 4 parameters (for normal measurement)



For normal measurement, four parameters can be displayed simultaneously. This makes it easy to check parameters by comparing them with each other.

Basic measure-Z,Y, 0, Rs, Rp, X, G, B, Ls, Lp, Cs, Cp, Q, D ment items Rdc ✓ (with temperature compensation function) Measure Transformer ment items N,M,**A**L measurement Temperature T 1 ±0.05%rdg Basic accuracy 1 mHz to 200 kHz Measurement frequency Measurement voltage 5 mV to 5 V/2.5 V

^{*1} 2.5 V in the low impedance high accuracy mode

Option (select one)

2 ms 2 items: HI/IN/LO, ABS/%/A%

2 items: 10 classifications

0 m/1 m

4-terminal contact check (threshold change) / Hi-Z reject

-5 V to 5 V

Color TFT 5.7-inch LCD touch screen

Internal DC bias -5 V to 5 V

EXT I/O, USB

USB flash drive RS-232C, GP-IB, LAN

Measurement time

Comparator **BIN** measurement

Cable length

Contact check

Internal DC bias measurement

Sweep measurement

Display

Interface



The instruments can perform measurements alone by applying a DC bias of up to ±5 V. This is reassuring when measuring polar capacitors such as a tantalum capacitor.

BIN measurement: Two items are classified into 10 categories



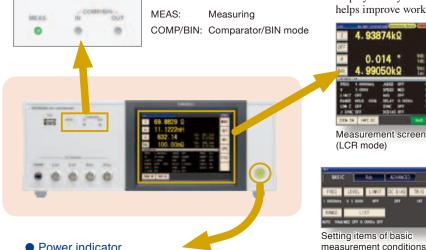
IM3533-01

Two items can be classified into 10 categories and out of range. This function is useful for sorting out composite parts and performing advanced sorting.

Functions and Features to Simplify the Operation of LCR Measurements



Indicators allow you to identify the operating conditions of the instrument even when the touch screen is off.



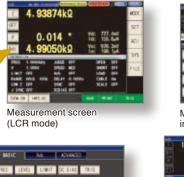
Power indicator

The power indicator allows you to identify the on/off status of the LCR meter even when integrated into automated machinery or the LCD display is off.

Power on: green Standby: red

Easy touch screen operation

A touch screen with intuitive operation is inherited from previous models. Furthermore, the incorporation of a color LCD means the display is easy to view, and outstanding, easy-to-understand operability helps improve work efficiency.



Easily change the measurement

level while you monitor the

measurement values.

conditions such as the measurement frequency and measurement signal



IM3533



Frequency setting (numeric keypad input and up/down input)

General specifications of the IM3533

Features of LCR Meter Model IM3533-01 Research and Development and Electrochemistry



• Frequency sweep

IM3533-01

Measurements can be performed automatically at up to 801 frequency points by specifying the frequency range or in the frequency list mode. The measurement results can be saved to a USB flash drive or to a computer via an interface, which then can be used to perform frequency analysis of samples.

| FREQUEZ 1 | 2(0) | 401 | 1 |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-----|
| 605.83 | 20. 4452× | -88.680 | |
| 522.09 | 19. 9123x | -68.673 | |
| 538.79 | 19. 3944k | -86,664 | |
| 555.94 | 18. 8689k | -88.653 | |
| 573.55 | 8. 3956k | -66.644 | |
| 591.63 | 17.9173x | -88.634 | 11- |
| 710.20 | 17.4492k | -68.619 | |
| 29.27 | 16. 9939k | -68, 606 | |
| 748.84 | 16. 5517k | -88.588 | |
| 768.95 | 16.1239k | -88.574 | |
| 789, 59 | 15. 7055k | -88.570 | 1 |
| 310, 79 | 15. 2958k | -88,564 | |

General specifications of the IM3533-01

| | | Basic measure- ment items | Z,Y, 0 ,Rs,Rp | o,X,G,B,Ls,Lp,Cs,Cp,Q,D |
|----------|--|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Measu | ire- | Rdc | ✓ (with tempe | rature compensation function) |
| ment ite | ems | Transformer measurement | | N,M,⊿L |
| | | Temperature T | | \checkmark |
| E | Basic | c accuracy | | ±0.05%rdg. |
| Meas | uren | nent frequency | 1 | mHz to 200kHz |
| Mea | Measurement voltage | | 5 | mV to 5V/2.5V *1 |
| Me | Measurement time | | 2ms | |
| | Comparator BIN measurement | | 2 items: HI/IN/LO, ABS/%/Δ% | |
| BI | | | 2 items: 10 classifications | |
| | Cab | ole length | 0m/1m/2m/4m | |
| (| Cont | act check | 4-terminal contact check (threshold change) / Hi-Z reject | |
| Internal | Internal DC bias measurement Sweep measurement Display | | -5V to 5V | |
| Swe | | | Frequency 2 to 801 points | |
| | | | Color TFT 5.7-inch LCD touch screen | |
| | EXT I/O | | , USB | 1 |
| Interfa | ace | USB flas | h drive | 1 |
| _ | | RS-232C, G | P-IB, LAN | Option (select one) |
| | | | | |

^{*1} 2.5 V in the low impedance high accuracy mode

• Cable length setting to 0m/1m and 2m/4m with guaranteed accuracy



The cable length can be set to 0m/1m (common for the series) and to 2m/4m for the IM3533-01. Even when the measurement cable needs to be extended in laboratories and for automated machinery, the maximum performance can be ensured and the maximum accuracy can be guaranteed. When using an extension cable, be sure to refer to the instruction manual.

Functions and Features for LCR Measurements in Research and Development



Measurable from low frequencies from 1 mHz

(frequency sweep)

Measurements can be performed from low frequencies from 1 mHz at 1 mHz resolution^{*2}. The function can be used for the basic measurements of electrochemical applications.

*2 Five-digit resolution at 100 Hz or more.

Advantage #2

Low impedance high accuracy mode improves repeat accuracy

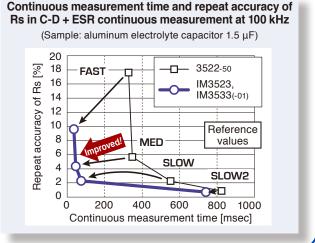
The IM3523 and IM3533(-01) provide a low impedance high accuracy mode that improves repeat accuracy in low-impedance measurements.

Compared to the previous HIOKI model 3522-50, the measurement speed of C-D + ESR continuous measurement in FAST and MED modes has increased by one digit and the repeat accuracy (variation) of Rs has also been improved.

• Low impedance high accuracy mode

Low impedance high accuracy mode can be used at 100 m Ω and in the 1 Ω range. Output resistance of 25 Ω can increase the measured current and thus improve the measurement accuracy. (The maximum applied current is 100 mA and the maximum applied voltage is 2.5 V)

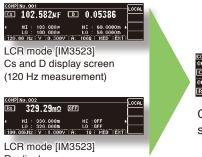
This mode is useful during L measurement of low-inductance inductors for power supplies and ESR measurement of aluminum electrolytic capacitors.



Capacitors and Inductors

C-D + ESR Measurement of Capacitors





Rs display screen (100 kHz measurement)



screen [IM3523]

Continuous measurement can be performed with high speed under multiple conditions!

C-D (120 Hz) and low ESR (100 Hz) measurement can be performed for functional polymer capacitors. Different measurement items can be measured continuously under different measurement conditions (frequency, level, and mode).

IM3533 IM3533-01





Enlarged view of bias settings

LCR mode When DC bias is set

C Measurement of Polar Capacitors

A DC bias voltage may sometimes be applied to measure polar capacitors such as an electrolytic capacitor.

The IM3533(-01) can perform C-D measurement by applying a DC bias voltage of -5 V to 5 V without using an optional DC bias unit.

Rdc and L-Q Measurement of Inductors (Coils and Transformers)

COSE

L and Q display screen (1 kHz, 1 mA constant current measurement)



Rdc display screen (DC measurement)

Advantage #3



L, Q and Rdc continuous measurement screen

L and Q (1 kHz, 1 mA constant current measurement) and Rdc (DC measurement) display screen L-Q (1 kHz, 1 mA constant current) and Rdc can be measured continuously and the measurement results can be displayed on the same screen.

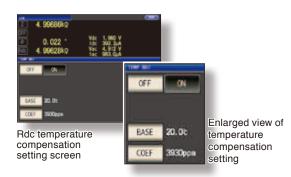
IM3533

IM3533-01

IM3523

Measurement with a constant current (CC) can be performed for current dependent elements such as coils incorporating cores, the inductance value of which varies depending on the applied current.

With the IM3533(-01), repeat accuracy during low impedance measurements has been improved from previous HIOKI models to ensure stable measurement of Rdc.



Rdc measurement with temperature compensation*

The IM3533-01 provides Rdc measurement with temperature compensation, which makes it possible to manage winding resistance more accurately.

The low impedance high accuracy mode allows you to measure low-inductance inductors and low-Rdc inductors more accurately than previous HIOKI models.

 * Temperature Probe 9478 (option) is required for Rdc measurement with temperature compensation.

Transformer Winding and Sweep Measurements

Variety of Transformer Winding Measurement Functions

IM3533 IM3533-01

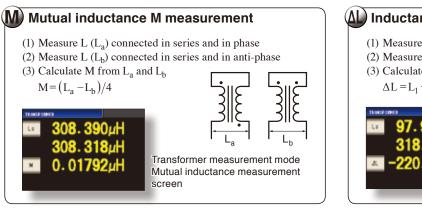
IM3533-01

In addition to the L-Q and Rdc measurements, the IM3533 and IM3533-01 enable you to measure the turn ratio N, mutual inductance M, and inductance difference ΔL that are required for the measurement of transformers.^{*}

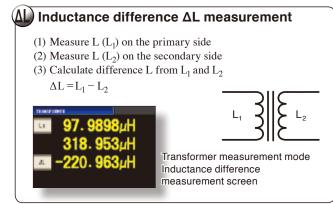
 * Connections must be switched manually or a selector such as a scanner unit is required separately.



Transformer measurement mode Turn ratio measurement (information) screen



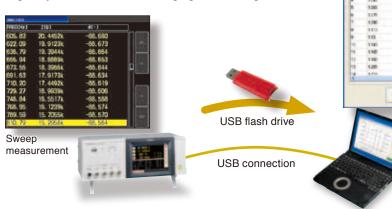
Turn ratio N measurement (1) Measure L (L₁) on the primary side (2) Measure L (L₂) on the secondary side (3) Calculate turn ratio N from L₁ and L₂ N : 1 N = $\sqrt{L_1/L_2}$ N : 1 L₁ L₂ L₂ Transformer measurement mode Turn ratio measurement and judgment screen



Sweep Measurement

The IM3533-01 provides a frequency sweep measurement function that allows you to measure the inductance (L), capacitance (C), and frequency characteristics of samples such as composite components. The function is useful in research and development.

The bundled LCR sample application can be used to display a frequency characteristic list and graph on a computer screen.





Sweep measurement results list and graph screens as shown in the bundled LCR sample application

Linking to PC Capturing Measurement Data

RS-232C/LAN/GP-IB

option

IM3533

Saving and loading data via front USB port

Measurement results and settings can be saved to a commercially available USB flash drive connected to the front USB port.

(The USB port on the front panel is specifically for a USB flash drive. Batch save all the measurement results to a USB flash drive after saving them to the internal memory of the IM3533(-01). Some USB flash drives may not be supported due to incompatibility issues.)



Measurement results and settings

IM3533-01



Save to USB flash drive

EXT I/O (handler interface) USB (for connecting to a PC) Temperature sensor connection connector IM3533(-01) rear panel

 Connecting to a PC via USB

EXT I/O

(handler interface)

IM3523 IM3533 IM3533-01

The rear panel is standard equipped with a USB port.

(The USB port on the rear panel is specifically for connecting to a PC.)

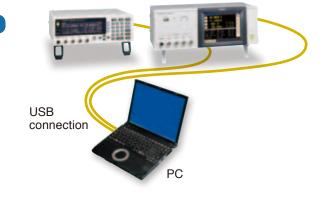
Control the various functions of the IM3523 and IM3533(-01) from a PC and download measurement results.

USB

(for connecting to a PC)

IM3523 rear panel

(Excluding turning the power on/off and configuring some interface settings.)

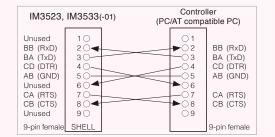


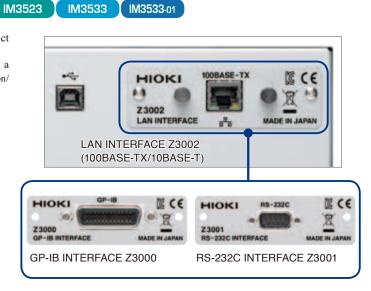
Connecting to a PC or PLC via RS-232C, LAN, or GP-IB (select one option) connection

When you need an RS-232C, LAN, or GP-IB interface, you can select any one option.

Control the various functions of the IM3523 and IM3533(-01) from a PC and download measurement results. (Excluding turning the power on/ off and configuring some interface settings.)

Use an appropriate RS-232C cable in accordance with the connection method shown in the figure below. A crossover cable for interconnection can be used.



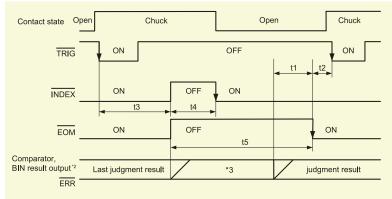


EXT I/O

Handler (EXT I/O) interface

The handler (EXT I/O) interface enables output of an end of measurement signal and measurement result signal, and input of signals such as a measurement trigger signal to control the measuring instrument. Each of the signal lines is isolated from the measurement and control circuits, and the structure is designed to protect against noise.

Example of Typical EXT I/O Timing (LCR Mode)



Approximate measurement speed

| | | 1.1.1 | a caral | | 41 | | all and an | | | |
|---|------|-------|---------|------|-----|--------|------------|------|--------|--|
| (| at 1 | KHZ | and | wnen | tne | screen | display | / IS | 0FF ") | |

| · | | , , | |
|------|-----|------|-------|
| FAST | MED | SLOW | SLOW2 |
| 2ms | 6ms | 21ms | 301ms |

EXT I/O signal list

Input signals

| TRIG | External trigger | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| $\overline{\text{LD0}}$ to $\overline{\text{LD6}}$ | Panel number selection | | |
| LD_VALID | Panel load execution | | |
| Output signals | | | |
| EOM | End of measurement | | |
| INDEX | End of capture | | |
| ERR | Measurement error output | | |

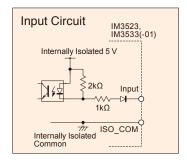
• Output signals (common signal line)

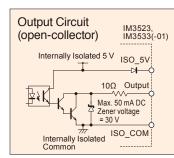
ISO_5V

ISO_COM

| IM3523 | IM3533, IM3533-01 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| MAIN-HI, MAIN-IN, MAIN-LO, SUB-HI, SUB-IN, SUB-LO, AND, SUBNG | PARAX-HI, PARAX-IN, PARAX-LO (x=1,3), AND | Comparator judgment result output | | |
| $\overline{\text{BINx}}$ (x=1 to 10), $\overline{\text{OUT}}$ | BINx (x=1 to 10), OUT_OF_BINS | BIN judgment result output | | |
| No.n_x-HI, No.n_x-IN, No.n_x-LO (n=1,2; x=MAIN, SUB) | No.n_PARAx-HI, No.n_PARAx-IN, No.n_PARAx-LO (n=1,2; x=1,3) | Continuous measure- ment result output | | |
| | HI, IN, LO, AND | Transformer mode | | |

EXT I/O Input and Output Circuits





Internally isolated 5 V

Internally isolated common

When designing a control system using the EXT I/O interface, be sure to read the instruction manual and check the necessary technical information.

- t1: Delay setting time from comparator and BIN judgment results to $\overline{\text{EOM}}$ (LOW): 40 μs or longer *1
- t2: Minimum time from end of measurement to next trigger: 400 μs *1
- t3: Time from trigger to response by circuit: 700 μs *1
- t4: Minimum chuck time for which the chuck can be switched with $\overline{\text{INDEX}}$ (LOW): 220 μs *1
- t5: Measurement time: 600 μs *1
- *1: When the measurement speed is FAST and the range is HOLD.
- *2:IM3523 : MAIN-HI, MAIN-IN, MAIN-LO, SUB-HI, SUB-IN, SUB-LO, AND, BINX, OUT-OF-BINS, SUBNG IM3533(-01): PARAX-HI, PARAX-IN, PARAX-LO, AND, BINX, OUT_OF_BINS
- *3:Reset at the same time as TRIG: HIGH Not reset at the same time as TRIG: LOW
- *4: Add up all the applicable times in the following cases.
 When OPEN/SHORT/LOAD compensation is executed: max 0.4 ms
 - \bullet When comparator measurement is executed: max 0.4 ms
 - When BIN measurement is executed: max 0.8 ms
 - When the screen display is ON: max 0.3 ms
 - When the memory function is ON: max 0.4 ms

EXT I/O Electrical Specifications

Inputs:

Photocoupler isolation: Non-voltage contact inputs (support for current sink output, negative logic) Assert: 0 to 1 V (with 3 mA input) De-assert: Open, or 5 to 30 V

• Outputs:

Photocoupler isolation: Open-collector NPN (support for current sink output, negative logic) Max. 30 V and 50 mA per ch. Residual voltage: Max. 1.5 V @50 mA, or 1 V @10 mA.

Accessory Power Out (internally powered):
 4.5 to 5 V DC @ 100 mA max.
 Isolated from protective ground and measurement circuitry

Connectors

| Connectors to use (unit side) | : 37-pin D-SUB female connector with #4-40 inch screws |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Compliant connectors | : DC-37P-ULR (solder type) and DCSP-JB37PR (insulation-dis- |
| | placement type) For information on where to obtain connectors, consult your nearest HIOKI distributor. |
| | |

IM3523 / IM3533 Measurement Accuracy (Accuracy guaranteed for 1 year, Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed for 1 year)

Conditions

Temperature and humidity ranges: 23°C ± 5°C, 80% rh or less (no condensation), at least 60 minutes after power is turned on, after performing open and short compensation

Measurement accuracy

The measurement accuracy is calculated based on the following equation. Measurement accuracy = Basic accuracy × C × D × E × F × G

[C: Level coefficient]

V: Setting value (corresponds to V mode or equivalent) [V]

| Excluding Rdc | Rdc |
|---------------------------|-------|
| 0.005V to 0.999V: 1+0.2/V | |
| 1V: 1 | 2V: 1 |
| 1.001V to 5V: 1+2/V | |
| | |

[D: Measurement speed coefficient]

| Rdc |
|----------|
| FAST: 8 |
| MED: 4 |
| SLOW: 2 |
| SLOW2: 1 |
| |

[F: DC bias coefficient]

 $1 k\Omega$ rang

Accuracy =

100 Ω ran

DC bias setting OFF: 1 DC bias setting ON: 2

Basic accuracy $(\mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{\theta})$ calculation expressions

Zx

The basic accuracy is calculated by selecting coefficients A and B from the basic accuracy table and using the calculation expressions below.

| le and above: $A + B \times \left \frac{10 \times Zx}{Range} - 1 \right $ | In the 1 k Ω range and above and 310 Ω range and below, the calculation expression of basic accuracy differs as shown in the left. For details, refer to the following calculation examples on page 13. |
|---|---|
| ige and below: | Zx is the actual impedance measurement |
| $A + B \times \left \frac{Range}{7} - 1 \right $ | value (Z) of the sample. |

Zx is the actual impedance measurement value (Z) of the sample.

[E: Measurement cable length coefficient] fm: Measurement frequency [kHz]

| Cable Low ath | IM3523, IM3533 | | IM3533-01 | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Cable length | $10k\Omega$ range and below | $100k\Omega$ range and above | 11/13533-01 | |
| 0m | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1m | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | |
| 2m | 1.5 + fm/100 | 1.5 + fm/20 | 1.5 | |
| 4m | 2 + fm/50 | 2 + fm/10 | 2 | |

Please use a coaxial cable with 50Ω impedance characteristics and 4-terminal pair configuration.

Guaranteed accuracy range (frequency)

| Cable length | IM3523 | IM3533-01 | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|--|
| | $10k\Omega$ range and below | 0kΩ range and below 100kΩ range and above | | |
| 0m | | Up to 200 kHz | Up to 200 | |
| 1m | Up to 200 kHz | 0p to 200 kHz | KHz (No limit) | |
| 2m | | Up to 100 kHz | | |
| 4m | 1 | Up to 10 kHz | | |

[G: Temperature coefficient] t: Operating temperature

When t is 18°C to 28°C: 1

When t is 0°C to 18°C or 28°C to 40°C: 1+0.1× |t-23|

When temperature compensation is performed during

$$\frac{-100 \ \alpha_{to} \ \Delta t}{1 + \alpha_{to} \times (t + \Delta t - t_0)} \ [\%]$$

t₀: Reference temperature [°C]

t: Current ambient temperature [°C]

Δt: Temperature measurement accuracy

 α_{t_0} : Temperature coefficient for $t_0 [1/^{\circ}C]$

Basic accuracy table

Accuracy = A + B

Coefficients A and B

| DC A is the accuracy of R (± % rdg.) B is the coefficient for the resistance of the sample | | 0.001Hz (40 Hz) to 200 Top A: Basic accuracy of Z B is the coefficient for t | Bottom A: Ba | 0.001 Hz (40 Hz) to 200 kHz Bottom A: Basic accuracy of θ (± % deg.) B is the coefficient for the impedance of the sample | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Range | Guaranteed accuracy range | DC | 40.000Hz to 99.9999Hz 10.001Hz to 99.9999Hz 10.001Hz to 99.9999Hz | 100.00Hz to 999.99Hz | 1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz | 10.001kHz to 100.00kHz | 100.01kHz to 200.00kHz |
| 100MΩ | 8MΩ to 200MΩ | A=1 B=1 | A=6 B=5 A=5 B=3 | A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2 | A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2 | | |
| 10MΩ | 800k Ω to 100M Ω | A=0.5 B=0.3 | A=0.8 B=1 A=0.8 B=0.5 | A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2 | A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2 | A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2 | |
| 1MΩ | 80 k Ω to 10 M Ω | A=0.2 B=0.1 | A=0.4 B=0.08 A=0.3 B=0.08 | A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02 | A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02 | A=0.7 B=0.08 A=1.3 B=0.08 | A=1 B=0.5 A=3 B=0.5 |
| 100kΩ | 8kΩ to 1MΩ | A=0.1 B=0.01 | A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.3 B=0.02 | A=0.2 B=0.03 A=0.1 B=0.02 | A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.015 | A=0.25 B=0.04 A=0.4 B=0.02 | A=0.4 B=0.3 A=1.2 B=0.3 |
| 10kΩ | 800Ω to 100kΩ | A=0.1 B=0.01 | A=0.3 B=0.025 A=0.3 B=0.02 | A=0.2 B=0.025 A=0.1 B=0.02 | A=0.05 B=0.02 A=0.03 B=0.02 | A=0.2 B=0.025 A=0.4 B=0.02 | A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.6 B=0.05 |
| 1kΩ | 80Ω to 10kΩ | A=0.1 B=0.01 | A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.02 | A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.02 | A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.08 B=0.02 | A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.4 B=0.02 | A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.6 B=0.02 |
| 100Ω | 8Ω to 100Ω | A=0.1 B=0.02 | A=0.4 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.01 | A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.15 B=0.01 | A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.01 | A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.4 B=0.02 | A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.6 B=0.02 |
| 10Ω | 800mΩ to 10Ω | A=0.2 B=0.15 | A=0.5 B=0.2 A=0.3 B=0.1 | A=0.4 B=0.05 A=0.3 B=0.03 | A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.15 B=0.03 | A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.75 B=0.05 | A=0.4 B=0.2 A=1.5 B=0.1 |
| 1Ω | 80m Ω to 1 Ω | A=0.3 B=0.3 | A=2 B=1 A=1 B=0.6 | A=0.6 B=0.3 A=0.5 B=0.2 | A=0.4 B=0.3 A=0.25 B=0.2 | A=0.4 B=0.3 A=1 B=0.2 | A=1 B=1 A=2 B=0.5 |
| 100mΩ | $10m\Omega$ to $100m\Omega$ | A=3 B=3 | A=10 B=10 A=6 B=6 | A=3 B=3 A=2 B=2 | A=3 B=2 A=2 B=1.5 | A=2 B=2 A=2 B=1.5 | A=4 B=3 A=3 B=4 |

Measurement Accuracy

Guaranteed accuracy range (measurement signal level)

The guaranteed accuracy range varies depending on the measurement frequency, measurement signal level, and measurement range.

| Range | DC | IM3523 40.000Hz to 99.9999Hz IM3533 IM353301 0.001Hz to 99.9999Hz | 100.00Hz to 999.99Hz | 1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz | 10.001kHz to 100.00kHz | 100.01kHz to 200.00kHz |
|-----------------|-----|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 100MΩ | | 0.101 V to 5 V | | | | |
| 10MΩ | | 0.101 V 10 5 V | | | 0.501 V to 5 V | |
| 1MΩ | | 0.050 V to 5 V | 0.101 V to 5 V | 0.501 V 10 5 V | | |
| 100kΩ | 2 V | | (to E)/ | 0.050 V to 5 V | 0.101 V to 5 V | |
| 10kΩ, 1kΩ, 100Ω | 2 V | 0.005 V to 5 V | | | | |
| 10Ω | | 0.050 V to 5 V | | | | |
| 1Ω | | 0.101 V to 5 V (When DC bias: 1 V to 5 V) | | | | |
| 100mΩ | | 0. | V to 5 V) | | | |

The above voltages are the voltage setting values corresponding to V mode or equivalent.

For the 10 M Ω to 1 k Ω range, when the measurement impedance value exceeds the range, the guaranteed accuracy range is as follows.

| Range | DC | IM3523 40.000Hz to 99.9999Hz IM3533 IM353301 0.001Hz to 99.9999Hz | 100.00Hz to 999.99Hz | 1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz | 10.001kHz to 100.00kHz | 100.01kHz to 200.00kHz |
|-------|-----|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 10MΩ | | | | | | |
| 1MΩ | | 0.101 V to 5 V | | | | |
| 100kΩ | 2 V | 0.050 V to 5 V | | 0.101 V to 5 V | 0.501 V to 5 V | |
| 10kΩ | | | / to 5 V | 0.005 V to 5 V | 0.101 V to 5 V | |
| 1kΩ | | | | | | |

The above voltages are the voltage setting values corresponding to V mode or equivalent.

Method for determining basic accuracy

- Calculate the basic accuracy from the sample impedance, measurement range, measurement frequency, and corresponding basic accuracy A and coefficient B from the table on page 12.
- \bullet The calculation expression to use differs for each of the 1 $k\Omega$ range and above and 100 Ω range and below.
- For C and L, obtain basic accuracy A and coefficient B by determining the measurement range from the actual measurement value of impedance or the approximate impedance value calculated with the following expression.

$$Zx(\Omega) \approx \omega L(H) \quad (\theta \approx 90^{\circ})$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{\omega C(F)} (\theta \approx -90^{\circ})$$

R (Ω) $(\theta \approx 0^{\circ})$ (ω : 2 x π x Measurement frequency [Hz])

Calculation example 1 (Basic accuracy of impedance Z) Impedance Zx of sample: 500 Ω (actual measurement value)

Measurement conditions: When frequency 10 kHz and range 1 $k\Omega$

Basic accuracy can be calculated on a PC

The bundled application software can be used to calculate the basic accuracy. Just enter the measurement conditions and measurement result and the measurement accuracy will be displayed.

measurement value.

The application software allows you to easily evaluate the accuracy for the Application screen

Insert coefficient A = 0.15 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the Z basic accuracy from the table on page 12.

Z basic accuracy =
$$0.15 + 0.02 \times \left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.23 \ (\pm \% \text{ rdg.})$$

Similarly, insert coefficient A = 0.08 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the θ basic accuracy, as follows: 1 10 500 1

$$\theta$$
 basic accuracy = 0.08 + 0.02 × $\left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.16 (\pm^{\circ})$

Calculation example 2 (Basic accuracy of capacitor Cs = 160 nF)

(1) Measure Z and θ of the sample with measurement range AUTO.

(2) Suppose you have obtained the following Z and θ measurement values. $Z = 1.0144 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad \theta = -78.69 \text{ c}$

As Z is 1.0144 k Ω , the range is 10 k Ω .

(3) For the 1 kHz and 10 k Ω range,

insert coefficient A = 0.05 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the Z basic accuracy from the table on page 12.

Z basic accuracy =
$$\pm \left(0.05 + 0.02 \times \left| \frac{-10 \times 1.0144 \times 10^3}{10 \times 10^3} - 1 \right| \right) \approx 0.05 \ (\pm\%)$$

Insert coefficient A = 0.03 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the θ basic accuracy.

 $10 \times 1.0144 \times 10^{3}$ -1) $\approx 0.03 \ (\pm^{\circ})$ θ basic accuracy = $\pm \left(0.03 + 0.02 \times \right)$ 10×10³

(4) Determine the ranges for the Z and θ basic accuracy.

- Zmin = $1.0144 \text{ k}\Omega \times (1 0.05/100) = 1.01389 \text{ k}\Omega$
- Zmax = $1.0144 \text{ k}\Omega \times (1 + 0.05/100) = 1.01490 \text{ k}\Omega$
- $\theta \min = -78.69 0.03 = -78.72^{\circ}$
- θ max = -78.69 + 0.03 = -78.66 °
- (5) Determine the range for Cs from the Z and θ ranges.

Cs min = $1 / (Zmax \times \omega \times sin(\theta min)) \approx 159.907 \text{ nF} \dots -0.06\%$

 $Cs max = 1 / (Zmin \times \omega \times sin(\theta max)) \approx 160.100 nF \dots +0.06\%$

Specifications

| | IM3523 | IM3533 | IM3533-01 | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Measurement modes | LCR mode: Measurement with single condition Continuous measurement mode: Continuous measurement under saved conditions (maximum 2 sets) | LCR mode: Measurement with single condition Transformer measurement mode: N, M, ΔL Continuous measurement mode: Continuous measurement under saved conditions LCR mode (maximum 60 sets) | LCR mode: Measurement with single condition Transformer measurement mode: N, M, ΔL Continuous measurement mode: Continuous measurement under saved conditions LCR mode (maximum 60 sets) Analyzer mode (maximum 2 sets) Analyzer mode: Sweep with measurement frequency (Measurement points: 2 to 801 Sweep method: normal sweep Display: List display) | | | |
| Measurement parameters | Z, Y, θ, Rs(ESR), Rp, Rdc(DC resistance), X, G, B, Cs, Cp, Ls, Lp, D(tanδ), Q | Z, Y, θ , Rs(ESR), Rp, Rdc(DC resistanc N, M, ΔL , T | e), X, G, B, Cs, Cp, Ls, Lp, D(tanδ), Q, | | | |
| Measurement range | | M Ω , 10 ranges (All parameters are determined | according to Z) | | | |
| Display range | | Cp : ± (0.00000 [unit] to 9.99999G [unit]) Abs o 9.999999), Q : ±(0.00 to 9999.99), Δ% : ±(0.00 | | | | |
| Basic accuracy | | Z:±0.05%rdg. θ:±0.03° | | | | |
| Basic accuracy Measurement | | Z . ±0.03%idg. 6. ±0.03 | | | | |
| frequency | 40 Hz to 200 kHz (5 digits setting resolution) | 1 mHz to 200 kHz (5 digits setting re | solution, minimum resolution 1 mHz) | | | |
| Measurement signal level | Normal mode: V mode/CV mode: 5 mV to 5 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps CC mode: 10 µA to 50 mArms, 10 µArms steps | Normal mode: V mode/CV mode: 5 mV CC mode: 10 μA to 50 mV Low impedance high accura V mode/CV mode: 5 mV CC mode: 10 μA to 100 m | Arms, 10 µArms steps acy mode: to 2.5 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps | | | |
| Output impedance | Normal mode: 100Ω | Normal mode: 100Ω , Low impo | edance high accuracy mode: 25 Ω | | | |
| Display | Monochrome LCD 5.7-inch color TFT, display can be set to ON/OFF | | | | | |
| Number of display digits setting | The number | of display digits can be set from 3 to 6 (initial va | alue: 6 digits) | | | |
| Measurement time | 2 n | ns (1 kHz, FAST, display OFF, representative va | lue) | | | |
| Measurement speed | FAST/MED/SLOW/SLOW2 | | | | | |
| DC bias measurement | | Normal mode: -5.00 V to 5.00 V (10 r Low impedance high accuracy mod | | | | |
| DC resistance measurement | Measurement signal level: Fixed to 2 V | Measurement signal level: Fixed to 2 V Temperature compensation function Converted reference temperature i Reference temperature setting ran, Temperature coefficient setting ra | n: s displayed | | | |
| Comparator | | LCR mode: Hi/IN/Lo for first and third items | | | | |
| BIN measurement | 10 main parameter categories, 1 sub-parameter category, and out of range | | t of range for 2 items | | | |
| Compensation | Open/short/load/correlation comp Cable length: 0 and 1 m (accuracy | | Open/short/load/correlation compensation Cable length: 0, 1, 2, 4 m | | | |
| Residual charge protection function | V= \(\sqrt{10}\) | C (C: Capacitance [F] of test sample, V = ma | x. 400 V) | | | |
| Trigger synchronous output function | Applies | a measurement signal during analog measurem | ent only | | | |
| Averaging | | 1 to 256 | | | | |
| Panel loading/saving | LCR m | node: 60; Analyzer mode: 2; Compensation value | ue: 128 | | | |
| Memory function | Store | es 32,000 data items to the memory of the instru | ment | | | |
| Interfaces | EXT I/O (handler), USB (Hi-Speed) Option: Any one of RS-232C, GP-IB, and LAN (10BASE-T/100BASE-TX) can be selected Option: Any one of RS-232C, GP-IB, and LAN (10BASE-T/100BASE-TX) can be selected | | | | | |
| Operating temperature and humidity ranges | 0 °C (32 °F) to 40 °C (104 °F) , 80% rh or less, no condensation | | | | | |
| Storage temperature and humidity ranges | -10°C (| 14°F) to 50 °C (122°F) , 80% rh or less, no conde | ensation | | | |
| Power supply | | AC 100 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 50 VA max. | | | | |
| Dimensions and mass | Approx. 260 mm (10.24 in) W × Approx. 330 mm (12.99 in) W × 119 mm (4.69 in) H × 168 mm (6.61 in) D, approx. 2.4 kg (84.7 oz) Approx. 330 mm (12.99 in) W × 119 mm (4.69 in) H × 168 mm (6.61 in) D, approx. 3.1 kg (109.3 oz) | | | | | |
| Accessories | Power Cord ×1, Instruction Manual ×1, CD-R (Communication Instruction Manual and Sample Software) ×1 | | | | | |
| | EMC: EN61326-1, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3, Safety standard: EN61010 | | | | | |

LCR Meter Series Full Product Lineup

| Model | Measurement s (Basic value | | Measurement frequency range | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|------------|
| Model | | | Applications and measurement object | | | | | |
| LCR METER IM3536 | | 1ms | DC O | 4Hz | | | 8 | BMHz |
| 1013530 | | | | | eter up to 8 MH | z s capacitors and in | ductors | |
| LCR METER | | 2ms | DC 1r | | | | 00kHz | |
| IM3533 | IM3533 IM3533-01 | | inductanc | e . | | nsformers includin 23 and IM3533 wit | - | |
| LCR METER | | 2ms | DC | 4 | OHz | 2 | 200kHz | |
| IM3523 | | | automate | d machinery Ind ESR measu | | or production lines | | |
| LCR HITESTER | | 5ms | | | 120Hz | 1kHz | | |
| 3511-50 Compact LCR meter with single function For production lines of aluminum electrolytic capacitors | | | | | | | | |
| C METER | | 1.5ms | | | | 1kHz O | 1MHz | |
| 3506-10 | | | | or low-capacity ction of MLCC | capacitors and film capacit | ors | | |
| C HITESTER | | 2ms | | | 120Hz | 1kHz | | |
| 3504 | 3504-40 3504-50 3504-60 | | For sortin | or large-capaci g machines of g machines (35 | arge-capacity N | ILCCs (3504-50/60) | | |
| IMPEDANCE ANALYZER | | 0.5ms | | | | | 1MHz | 300MHz |
| IM7580A | | | | | ement up to 300 of ferrite beads | | | |
| IMPEDANCE ANALYZER | | 0.5ms | DC O | 4Hz | | | 51 | MHz |
| IM3570 | | | Measure | | | nalyzer f piezo-electric de | vices, functiona | al polymer |
| CHEMICAL IMPEDANCE | | 2ms | DC 1r | mHz | | 2 | 00kHz | |
| ANALYZER IM3590 | | | | lectrochemical of | | Cole-Cole plots and rials, batteries, and | | |

IM3523

IM3533 IM3533-01





Options

INTERFACE UNIT







GP-IB INTERFACE 73000

BS-232C INTERFACE 73001





GP-IB CONNECTION CABLE 9151-02 2 m (6.56 ft)

RS-232C cable

For RS-232C cable, a crossover cable for interconnection can be used.

(For details on connection, refer to page 10)

The 9637 RS-232C cable (9-pin to 9-pin, crossed cable) cannot be used for applications involving the flow control of hardware.

Probes and Test Fixtures for Lead Components



FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE L2000



Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 8 MHz, characteristic impedance of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair design, measurable conductor diameter: 0.3 to 5 mm (0.01 to 0.20 in)





SMD TEST FIXTURE IM9110

Measurable range: DC to 1 MHz, For SMD with electrodes on side, Measurable sample sizes 008004 (EIA), 0201 (JIS), Please contact Hioki for information about other sizes, Direct connection type



SMD TEST FIXTURE 9699

Direct connection type, for SMDs with electrode on the bottom, DC to 120 MHz, SMD sizes: 1.0 to 4.0 mm wide, 1.5 mm or less high

For Electrochemical Measurement



FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE 9500-10

Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 200 kHz, impedance characteristics of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair configuration, measurable conductor diameter: ø0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 2 mm (0.08 in)



HIOKI E.E. CORPORATION

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 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 8 MHz,} \\ \mbox{characteristic impedance of 50 } \Omega, 4\mbox{-terminal} \\ \mbox{pair design, measurable conductor diameter:} \\ \mbox{0.3 to 1.5 mm (0.01 to 0.06 in)} \end{array}$



Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz, For SMD with electrodes on bottom. Measurable sample sizes: 01005 to 0402 (EIA) 0402 to 1005 (JIS) , Direct connection type





Direct connection type, DC to 8 MHz. SMD sizes: 1 to 10 mm (0.04 to 0.39 in) LCR METER

Order Code: IM3523 IM3533 IM3533-01

(basic model) (added more functional model)

This product is not supplied with measurement probes or test fixtures. Please select and purchase the measurement probe or test fixture options appropriate for your application separately. All probes are constructed with a 1.5D-2V coaxial cable.

For an RS-232C connection: A crossover cable for interconnection can be used. You can use the RS-232C CABLE 9637 without hardware flow control.

DC Bias Unit

DC BIAS VOLTAGE UNIT 9268-10





Direct connection type, 40 Hz to 8 MHz, Direct connection type, 40 Hz to 2 MHz, maximum applied voltage of DC ±40 V. maximum applied current of DC 2 A (maximum applied voltage of DC ± 40 V). * An internal 300µH inductance is connected in parallel to the DUT.

When using the 9268-10 or 9269-10, external constant-voltage and constant-current sources are required.

TEMPERATURE PROBE



SHEATH TYPE TEMPERATURE PROBE 9478 Pt100, tip ø2.3 mm (0.09 in), cord length 1 m (3.28 ft), water-proof structure

▥◧;ੋ≓⊢ ____ 150 1000 100

(Used for the temperature compensation function and only available for the IM3533 and IM3533-01)



Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 200 kHz, characteristic impedance of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair design, measurable conductor diameter: 0.3 to 5 mm (0.01 to 0.20 in)

> SMD TEST FIXTURE 9677



TEST FIXTURE 9262

unit: mm

Direct connection type, DC to 8 MHz, measurable conductor diameter: 0.3 to 2 mm (0.01 to 0.08 in)



PINCHER PROBE L2001 *Ships standard with one

set of IM9901

Cable length 730 mm (2.40 ft), DC to 8 MHz, characteristic impedance of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair design, 2-terminal electrode, tip electrode spacing of 0.3 to approx. 6 mm (0.01 to approx.

Options for L2001 Replaceable contact tips



Compatible chip sizes: 1608 to 5750 (JIS)

CONTACT TIPS IM9902 Compatible chip sizes: 0603 to 5750 (JIS)

CONTACT TIPS IM9901

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All information correct as of Apr. 1, 2016. All specifications are subject to change without notice.